

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT SEATTLE

## TELECOMMUNICATION SYSTEMS, INC.,

Plaintiff,

V.

LYNNE HOUSERMAN and MOTOROLA  
SOLUTIONS, INC.,

## Defendants.

CASE NO. 2:19-cv-00336-RAJ-BAT

**ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR  
PROTECTIVE ORDER  
REGARDING DEPOSITION OF  
MSI CEO GREG BROWN**

The Court, having considered the parties' LCR 37(a)(2) Expedited Joint Motion for Protective Order pursuant to LCR 37(a)(2) (Dkt. 78), and declarations in support (Dkt. 78, 80, and 81), hereby **DENIES** the request of Lynne Houserman and Motorola Solutions, Inc. ("MSI") to prohibit the deposition of MSI Chief Executive Officer and Chairman Greg Brown.

Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c), this Court has discretion to fashion orders to prevent improper discovery. *McDowell v. Calderon*, 197 F.3d 1253, 1256 (9th Cir.1999). Discovery may be improper if it is “unreasonably cumulative or duplicative,” can be obtained from a more convenient source, or if its burden cannot be justified in view of the likely benefit. Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(2) (C). In general, discovery is permissible with respect to “any nonprivileged matter that is relevant to any party's claim.” Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1). Courts should not bar a relevant

ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR  
PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING  
DEPOSITION OF MSI CEO GREG BROWN -

1 deposition “absent extraordinary circumstances” as such a prohibition would “likely be in error.”  
2 *Salter v. Upjohn Co.*, 593 F.2d 649, 651 (5th Cir.1979). In deciding whether to allow the  
3 deposition of an “apex” executive, a court considers the extent of the individual’s personal  
4 knowledge and whether the testimony sought will be unreasonably duplicative. *See Baine v.*  
5 *General Motors Corp.*, 141 F.R.D. 332, 334 (M.D.Ala.1991); *see also Six West Retail*  
6 *Acquisition, Inc. v. Sony Theater Mgmt. Corp.*, 203 F.R.D. 98, 105 (S.D.N.Y.2001).

7 Here, Plaintiff has met its burden in demonstrating that Mr. Brown may have relevant,  
8 unique personal knowledge of relevant facts; in particular, that Mr. Brown was involved in  
9 MSI’s efforts to acquire Comtech’s and TCS’s 911 call routing and handling services, assets, and  
10 executives. Defendants do not dispute that Mr. Brown has knowledge of the relevant  
11 circumstances underlying Plaintiff’s claims. Rather, they merely assert he has less involvement  
12 than other witnesses and that he is a busy man. However, this is not sufficient for preventing the  
13 taking of a deposition.

14 Accordingly, Defendants’ motion for an order prohibiting Mr. Brown’s deposition (Dkt.  
15 78) is **DENIED**.

16 DATED this 11<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2020.

17  
18   
19 BRIAN A. TSUCHIDA  
20 Chief United States Magistrate Judge  
21  
22  
23

ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR  
PROTECTIVE ORDER REGARDING  
DEPOSITION OF MSI CEO GREG BROWN -